

Vierter Akt.

Einleitung und erste Scene.

Der Graf. Gottschalk.

Nº 20.

Allegro. (♩ = 160)

Flöten.

Hoboen.

Clarinetten in B.

Fagotte.

4 Hörner in F.

Trompeten in C.

3 Posaunen.

Pauken in Cu.F.

Harfe.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Bratschen.

Violoncelle.

Contrabässe.

mf cresc. f

p cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

p

cresc.

mf cresc. f

p

cresc.

Allegro.

p

fz

p poco

fz

cresc.

scen - - do

p

fz

p poco

fz

cresc.

scen - - do

p

fz

poco

fz

cresc.

scen - - do

p

fz

poco

fz

cresc.

scen - - do

p

fz

poco

fz

cresc.

scen - - do

Vor der Strahlburg, die rechts zu denken ist. Links nach dem Hintergrund sich hinziehend alte Mauerreste. Vorn ein Hol-
 lunderbaum und dichtes Gebüsch. Freier Blick in eine son-
 nige Landschaft. Es ist Morgen.

(Der Graf und Gottschalk treten auf, beide lebhaft bewegt.)

Cl. Recit. a tempo Recit.

Fag. Recit. a tempo Recit.

II. Recit. a tempo Recit.

Graf. Recit. a tempo Recit.

Gottschalk. Ent-setz-lich! was entdeckst du mir. (feierlich.)
 Zum Mord der Jungfrau dang sie meine

Fag. a tempo

Recit.

a tempo

Recit.

a tempo

353

Hand! Vell. u. Cbass. *f* sie sicher zu er-ret-ten, sagt ichs zu.

Graf. *f* *mf* *f* *fp* *f*

Gottschalk. *f* *mf* *f* *fp* *f*

Du tha-test wohl! o hül - li-sche Si - re - ne! Hab Dank, hab

Fl. riten.

A Moderato espressivo. (♩ = 108)

Cl. *p* *espr.*

Fag. *p* *sempre p* *sempre p*

Celli. *p* *sempre p*

Dank, mein lieber, treuer Bursch. Doch nun, was nun? (fest) *dolce*

Ei Herr, zu Pferde fort, sie zu em-phan-gen harrt der Va-ter

Fl. *p* *espr.*

Hob. *p* *espr.*

Cl. *p* *espr.*

Fag. *p* *espr.*

Celli. *p* *espr.*

Fl.

A C.B. *p*

a tempo

Hob. *pp* *animato* *calando* *animato. calando. riten.*

Cl. *pp* *animato* *calando* *animato. calando. riten.*

Fag. *pp* *animato* *calando* *animato. calando. riten.*

Celli. *pp* *animato* *calando* *animato. calando. riten.*

(bedeutungsvoll) sie soll fort? (belebt) Den Va-ter? sie soll fort? Wassagst du,

schon im Klo-ster! ich hol ihn her! ihr misst sie wohl schwer?

mf *dim.* *p* *mf*

poco a poco string.

ri - te - nu - to

a tempo

Musical score for the first system. It features a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line has lyrics: "ri - te - nu - to". The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *mf*, *fz*, *p*, and *cresc.*. There are also performance instructions like *marc.* and *mf*.

poco a poco string.

ri - te - nu - to

a tempo

Musical score for the second system. It features a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line has lyrics: "ri - te - nu - to". The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *mf*, *fz*, *p*, and *pp*. There are also performance instructions like *al mf*, *f*, *pp*, and *pp*. The vocal line includes tempo markings: "(langsamer)" and "(Entschlossen)".

raschelnden Grund

und er fasst ih - re Hand, und küsst ih - ren Mund

er führ - te die Braut

più lento.

a tempo moderato.

Musical score for the third system. It features a vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line has lyrics: "auf sein Schloss im Mai - 'sist lang vor - bei - 'sist lang vor - bei - sitzt in Gedanken verloren am Hollunderbusch.)". The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *pp*, *mf*, *fz*, *pp*, *espr.*, *poco cresc.*, *mf*, *dim.*, and *p*. There are also performance instructions like *pp*, *espr.*, *poco cresc.*, *mf*, *dim.*, and *p*. The vocal line includes tempo markings: "più lento." and "a tempo moderato."

auf sein Schloss im Mai - 'sist lang vor - bei - 'sist lang vor - bei -

sitzt in Gedanken verloren am Hollunderbusch.)

's ist

Nº 21.

Zweite Scene.

Der Graf. Käthchen.

Allegro. poco riten. Allegro. (♩ = 80.) string.

trem. trem. trem. trem. string.

(Käthchens Stimme)

Graf Mein hoher Herr! (Rasch auffahrend)

lang vor-bei! Allmächtiger diese Stimme. das war ein Seufzer hier hier regt es sich.

A. a tempo (♩ = 76)

poco allarg. a tempo

molto cresc. f divisi dim. mf al p

(Er biegt die Zweige auseinander.) (Man erblickt Käthchen schlafend.)

A

colla voce **E** a tempo

Musical score for the first system, measures 1-12. It includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *p*, *dim.*, *pp*, *mf*, *espr.*, *dol.*, *cresc.*, and *mf*. Performance instructions include *a tempo* and *frei*. The lyrics are: "der kommt schon der mir den Brautkranz flicht. Den Brautkranz von Li-li-en weiss und rein. so ward mir's ver-trant".

Musical score for the second system, measures 13-24. It includes vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *p*, *cresc.*, *pp*, *mf*, *div.*, and *ruhig*. Performance instructions include *ruhig*. The lyrics are: "im Kämmer-lein, in tief-ster Stil-le da Niemand wacht. Syl-ve-ster o selige Nacht! Syl-vester?".

tranquillo.

First system of musical notation with vocal line and piano accompaniment. The vocal line includes the lyrics: "Ei freilich! Du lä - chelst? Nun sich, du Böser, du weisst es und sagtest doch nie! Syl-vester!"

Dynamic markings include *dim.*, *p*, *pp*, and *cresc.*

Second system of musical notation, starting with a large **G** time signature. It includes parts for Trp., Pos., Pauken, Harfe, and vocal lines for Graf. (betroffen), Käth., and Graf. (Von Erinnerung ergriffen).

The vocal lines include the lyrics: "Der Che-rub. Der Che-rub! mit Flü-geln von Schnee de-man-te-ne Hel-le um-leuch-tet ihn klar, still reicht er die"

Dynamic markings include *pp*, *p*, *mf*, and *dim.*

G

belebter
I Poco animato.

Musical score for the first system, including piano accompaniment and vocal line for 'Käthchen'. The piano part features multiple staves with various dynamics (mf, dim., p, pp) and articulations (pizz., arco). The vocal line includes the lyrics: "Nun naht die Er-fül-lung, nun wird es Tag, du".

Musical score for the second system, including piano accompaniment and vocal line. The piano part continues with complex rhythmic patterns. The vocal line includes the lyrics: "kommst—wie tönt's von der Hu - fe Schlag! du naht! du kommst! und holst dir die Braut—wie herr - lich die sil - ber-ne".

Recit. Agitato.

Allegro con fuoco.

Rec.

Rec.

Fl.

Hob.

Clar.

Fag.

Hörn.

Tromp. in C.

Pos.

Pauk. in D.u.A.

Recit. Agitato.

senza sord.

Allegro con fuoco.

Rec.

Rec.

senza sord.

senza sord.

senza sord.

Graf. (Leidenschaftlich.)

Käthchen! Käthchen! o Offenbarung des Lichts!

ich träume nicht! nicht in das Nichts zerfließt mir dein Bild, deine Hand und

Clar. colla voce

Con moto agitato. (♩. = 108.)

Fag.

Hörn.

colla voce

Con moto agitato.

colla voce

dolce

poco a poco cresc.

al f dim.

poco a poco cresc.

al f dim.

Mund — so küß ich dich denn aus — Her — zensgrund, — du trau — te, du rei — ne, hoch — herr — liche Maid, so dein, — dein —

Fl. *riten. colla voce* *All^o Rec.* *All^o Rec.* *Allegro agitato. (♩ = 168.)*

Hob. *p*

Clar. *p*

Fag. *p*

Hörn. *p*

riten. colla voce *All^o Rec.* *All^o Rec.* *Allegro agitato.*

Käthchen. (erwachend, noch halb im Traum.) *ff* (mit lebhaftem Gefühlsausbruch.) *f*

Graf. (Er küsst sie.) Friedrich! Friedrich! Allewiger!

Vcll. u. CB. in Zeit und Ewigkeit! Kein Traum! 'sist Wahr - heit!

cresc. *mf* *fz cresc.* *f* *al* *fz*

cresc. *cresc.* *fz cresc.* *f* *al* *fz*

mf *fz cresc.* *f* *al* *fz*

Tromp. *f* *fz*

Pos. *fz*

Pauk. in D. u. A. *tr* *p* *fz*

mf *fz* *al* *ff*

Wahr - heit! Schütz mich! hoher

Wahr - heit!

f *cresc.* *fz*

partiel sel dit in D der Anzeig e f, nicht in Kyan mit anfang
 mit teil D für d. Dombgöfien richte im Ton, abruce und anfig D. H. f. alle

Animando il tempo.

Ob.

Hörn. *mfz*

mfz

Harfe.

Animando il tempo.

dolce p espr.

dolce p espr.

arco

neu - em Le - ben ge - bo - ren!

Nun fass ich se - lig dei - ne Hand, nun fass ich se - lig dei - ne Hand und

neu - em Le - ben ge - bo - ren!

Nun fass ich se - lig dei - ne Hand und

div. arco

tutti

pp

pizz.

espr.

pizz.

Fl.

mfz

mfz

Cl.

mfz

Fag.

mfz

Pos.

mfz

mfz

cresc.

un poco stringendo

hal - te dich fest

umschlungen, und halte dich fest

umschlungen,

und halte dich fest

umschlungen und jauch - zend sei

in

hal - te dich fest

umschlungen,

und halte dich fest

umschlungen und jauch - zend sei

in

al - le Land, jauchzend sei

pizz.

pizz.

arco

mfz

arco

string. poco a poco

Allegro animato.

Musical score for strings, Tromp., Tuba, and Pauk. The score is in G major and 2/4 time. It features dynamic markings such as *p*, *cresc.*, *pp cresc.*, and *f*. The string section includes first and second violins, violas, and cellos/double basses. The Tromp. part is marked *I. Solo*. The Tuba and Pauk parts are also present.

Musical score for strings. The score is in G major and 2/4 time. It features dynamic markings such as *pizz.*, *arco*, *p dol. fz*, *espr.*, *pp cresc.*, and *al*. The string section includes first and second violins, violas, and cellos/double basses.

al - le Land mein Glück hinaus ge - sun - gen, mein Glück hinaus ge - sun - gen, und jauch - - zend sei in al - le Land — mein

al - le Land mein Glück hinaus ge - sun - gen, mein Glück hinaus ge - sun - gen, und jauch - - zend sei in al - le Land — mein

Vocal line with lyrics. The lyrics are: "al - le Land mein Glück hinaus ge - sun - gen, mein Glück hinaus ge - sun - gen, und jauch - - zend sei in al - le Land — mein". The score includes dynamic markings such as *pizz.*, *arco pizz.*, *arco*, *p*, *arco*, and *pp*.

R

Musical score for a vocal and piano piece, page 371. The score includes vocal lines with lyrics and piano accompaniment. Dynamics range from *pp* to *fp*. Performance markings include trills (*tr*), crescendos (*cresc.*), and accents (*acc.*). The lyrics are:

Glück hin-aus ge - sun - - gen, und jauch-zend sei - in al - - le Land, in al - - le Land,
 Glück hin-aus ge - sun - - gen, und jauch - - - - - zend,

Etwas feierlich.
(Un poco Maestoso.)

S

The first system of the musical score consists of ten staves. The top five staves are for the vocal parts, and the bottom five are for the piano accompaniment. The music is in a key with two sharps (D major) and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is 'Etwas feierlich. (Un poco Maestoso.)'. The first measure of the vocal parts contains rests. The piano accompaniment begins with a series of chords and rests. Dynamics include 'pp' (pianissimo) in several places. Clefs include soprano, alto, tenor, and bass for the vocal parts, and grand staff (treble and bass) for the piano.

The second system of the musical score features piano accompaniment. It consists of two staves (treble and bass). The music is in a key with two sharps (D major) and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is 'Etwas feierlich. (Un poco Maestoso.)'. The system begins with a 'II.' marking, indicating a second ending or a specific section. The piano accompaniment consists of chords and moving lines in both hands.

Etwas feierlich.
(Un poco Maestoso.)

The third system of the musical score features piano accompaniment. It consists of three staves (treble, alto, and bass). The music is in a key with two sharps (D major) and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is 'Etwas feierlich. (Un poco Maestoso.)'. The system begins with a 'pp' (pianissimo) dynamic. The piano accompaniment consists of chords and moving lines in all three parts.

gan - zes Sein ist dir ge - weiht, wir sind ver - eint in E - - - wig - keit, ver -

gan - zes Sein ist dir ge - weiht, wir sind ver - eint in E - - - wig - keit, ver -

The fourth system of the musical score features piano accompaniment. It consists of two staves (treble and bass). The music is in a key with two sharps (D major) and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is 'Etwas feierlich. (Un poco Maestoso.)'. The system begins with a 'pp' (pianissimo) dynamic. The piano accompaniment consists of chords and moving lines in both hands.

S

riten. - - - a tempo

cresc. cre - scen - do *f ff*
cresc. cre - scen - do *f ff*
cresc. cre - scen - do *f ff*
cresc. cre - scen - do *f ff*
p cresc. cre - scen - do *f ff*
cresc. cre - scen - do *f ff*
cresc. *f ff*
pp *f ff*
 Becken.

riten. - - - a tempo
cresc. *f* *f=ff*
cresc. *f* *f=ff*
cresc. *f* *f=ff*

(Sie verbleiben in einer Umarmung.)
 eint, vereint in E - - - wig - keit.
 eint, vereint in E - - - wig - keit.

Der Vorhang fällt.
 Verwandlung.

cresc. *f* *f=ff*
cresc. *f* *f=ff*

Marcia vivace. (♩ = 84.)

The first system of the score consists of ten staves. The top four staves are for woodwinds (flute, oboe, clarinet, bassoon) and the bottom six are for strings. Dynamics include *ff* (fortissimo) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). There are several *a2.* (second endings) markings. The tempo is *Marcia vivace* with a quarter note equal to 84 beats per minute.

Hochzeitsmarsch. Den festlichen Aufzug beginnt eine Kriegerabtheilung. Pagen voran.

Marcia vivace.

The second system continues the piece with a more active texture, featuring many sixteenth-note passages. Dynamics include *ff* and *mf*. The tempo remains *Marcia vivace*.

a 2.

The musical score consists of several systems of staves. The first system includes a vocal line with a melodic line and a piano accompaniment. The piano part features a complex texture with multiple voices. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *p* (piano). The second system continues the piano accompaniment with various textures and dynamics. The third system introduces a new section with the text "Neue Kriegerabtheilung. Landleute kommen hinzu." and features a more rhythmic piano accompaniment with dynamics *ff* (fortissimo) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The score concludes with a final system of piano accompaniment.

Musical score for a piano and orchestra piece, page 383. The score includes vocal lines, piano accompaniment, and a triangle part. It features dynamic markings like *dolce*, *p*, *pp*, *f*, and *cresc.*, and performance instructions such as *a2.*, *Jüngere Mädchen und Kinder.*, and *Triang.*

D

Musical score for orchestra and voice, page 384. The score includes multiple staves for strings, woodwinds, brass, and voice. It features dynamic markings such as *p*, *mf*, *f*, and *più f*, along with performance instructions like *arco* and *Beck. u. Trom.*. The score is in the key of D major and includes various musical notations such as trills, accents, and slurs.

This page of a musical score contains the following parts and markings:

- Woodwinds:** Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Saxophone parts with dynamic markings *fz*, *p*, *espr.*, *p cresc.*, and *fz*.
- Horn I:** Part with dynamic markings *fz* and *p*.
- Horn II:** Part with dynamic markings *fz* and *p*.
- Strings:** Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello/Double Bass parts with dynamic markings *fz*, *p*, and *cresc.*.
- Woodwinds (Lower):** Bassoon and Saxophone parts with dynamic markings *p*, *p cresc.*, *fz*, and *pp*.
- Other:** A marking *dolce sul G.* is present in the lower woodwind section.

Luxhaus

H Coda.)
Più animato.

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. It includes staves for woodwinds (flutes, oboes, bassoons, clarinets), strings (violins, violas, cellos, double basses), and piano. The score is marked with various dynamics and performance instructions. Key markings include 'cresc. molto', 'fz', 'p', 'mf', 'pp', and 'ff'. Performance instructions include 'Solo.', 'gr. Trom.', and 'Pagen gehen ab den Grafen zu holen.' The score is divided into sections by a double bar line with a repeat sign.

Anmerk. Eventuell kann der Marsch da Capo gespielt werden al E.

I

al *ff*

al *ff*

ff

al *ff*

al *ff*

al *ff*

ff

4 Tromp. in C auf der Bühne.

ff

ff a2.

al *più f*

al *più f*

ff

tr

tr

ff

Vier Trompeter des Grafen erscheinen auf der Bühne.

ff

ff

ff

ff

I

The musical score on page 391 is divided into two systems. The first system (top) includes four piano staves (treble and bass clefs) and one orchestral staff (treble clef). The piano part features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note runs and chords. The orchestral part includes woodwinds and strings, with dynamic markings such as *ff* and *p*. The second system (bottom) also includes four piano staves and one orchestral staff. The piano part continues with similar rhythmic patterns, and the orchestral part includes a *div.* marking. The page number '391' is in the top right corner, and '5800' is at the bottom center.

The piano accompaniment consists of several staves. The upper staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *ff* (fortissimo) and *f* (forte). The lower staves provide a more rhythmic foundation with chords and moving lines.

Der Graf, Rütchen im reichen Brautgewande von zwei Frauen geleitet an der Hand führend. **Allgemeine Bewegung. Kunigunde (rasch).**

This section includes vocal parts and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts are:

- Sopr.**: Entsetzen! - welchein Anblick!
- Alt.**: Wo die Braut?
- Chor. Ten.**: Wo die Braut?
- Bass.**: Wo die Braut?

 The piano accompaniment continues with rhythmic patterns, including some triplet figures. Dynamic markings like *ff* are present.

Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, Double Basses, Flutes, Clarinets, Bassoons, Oboes.

Dynamics: *pp*, *p*, *ff*.

Graf. (stark, feierlich) (Allgemeine freudige Bewegung und Fahenschwenken.)
 Die ihr zur Sei - te herrlich mir erschaut!

Vocal line with lyrics: Die ihr zur Sei - te herrlich mir erschaut!

Piano and Cello/Double Bass accompaniment.

Dynamics: *ff*.

colla voce. a tempo colla voce

colla voce. a tempo colla voce pizz.

Kunigunde.

Gottschalk.

Tod und Verdammnis!

(an Kunigunde herantretend.)

(burschikos, langsamer.)

Schweig! Sonst plaudr'ich aus von Gift und Strang und

M

a tempo sempre molto agitato.

quasi Presto.

First system of musical notation. It includes vocal staves and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f* and *pp*. The piano part features a *cresc.* marking. The system concludes with a *tr* (trill) and *fp* dynamic.

a tempo sempre molto agitato.

quasi Presto.

Second system of musical notation, primarily piano accompaniment. The piano part begins with an *arco* marking and includes dynamics such as *f*, *ff*, *cresc.*, *p*, and *ff*. The system ends with a *tr* and *f* dynamic.

(Runigunde auf den Grafen zuschreitend.)

Verriethst du mich?

So fahr da-hin!

die Höll!

Dolch!

Third system of musical notation, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Dynamics include *f*, *f > p*, and *f*. The system concludes with a *M* marking.

M

de

Beilage IV.
(Reinthalers „Käthchen von Heilbronn.“)

pag. 398 oben.
Fl.

Musical score for woodwinds and strings:

- Hob. I.
- Clar.
- Fag.
- Hör.
- Tromp.
- Pos I u. II.
- Pos III.
- Pauk. in C u. G.

Musical score for harp and piano:

- Harfe.
- Piano (p)

Vocal and choral parts:

- Käthchen.
Du zürnst mir nicht, du heissest mich nicht gehn, und schiltst die Hand, die fest mich auf-recht hält? Mein gan-zes Sein
- Graf.
- Theobald.
- CHOR.

Beilage IV. führt von pag. 398 in schneller Wendung zu dem 4^{ten} Tact auf pag. 404 (C. Allegro) falls im Interesse eines raschen Schlusses von der ursprünglichen musikalisch und psychologisch richtigern Gestaltung abgesehen werden sollte. In diesem Falle müssen von pag. 404 ab Soli und Chor statt der Worte „ins Paradies hinein“ die Worte: „vereint in Ewigkeit“ singen.

Handwritten notes and signatures at the bottom of the page.

2

2

3

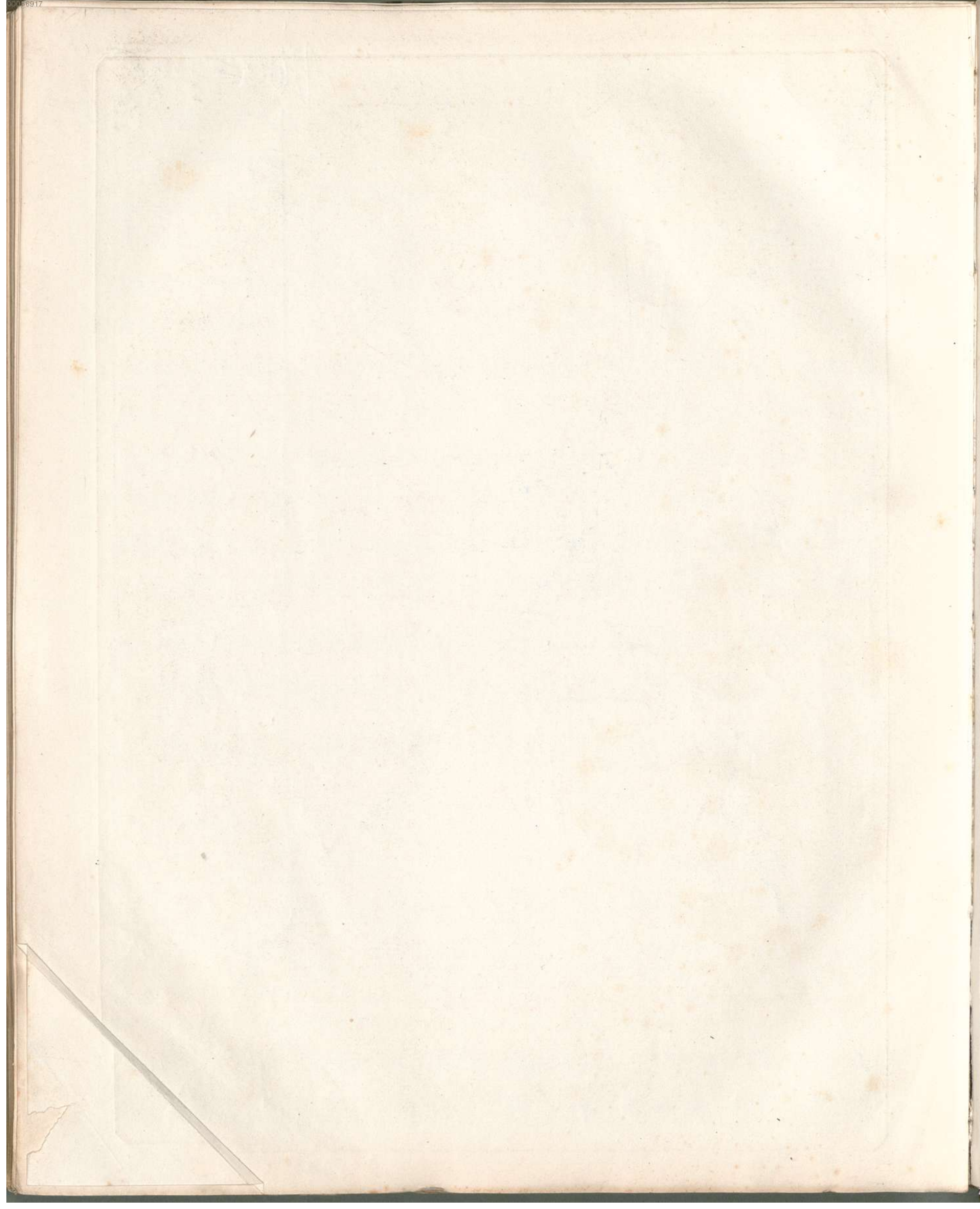
4

5

6

— ist ihm ge - weih't wir sind ver - eint in E - - - wig - -

Wir sind ver - eint in E - - - wig - -



Sprung möglich, ab aufhalten, in möglichster Ruhe, Anordnen nicht möglich an, dann

(möglichst à capella)

*man aber die
für möglich
Anordnen des
Nimm Kf
mit aufrecht*

Viol.

Von uns-res jun - gen Glückes Grün, — von unsres jungen Glückes Grün um -
 Von uns-res jun - gen Glü - ckes, von unsres jungen Glückes Grün, —
 En - de von ihres jungen Glückes Grün um - laubt, — dass meines Le - bens En - de von ihres jungen Glü - ckes

p *pp*

Fl.

Hob.

Clar.

Fag.

Orchester.

Hörn.

Viol.

pp *ppp* *f*

cantabile

laubt, von unsres Glückes Grün um - laubt, von unsres jungen Glückes Grün um - laubt.
 von unsres jungen Glückes Grün um - laubt, von unsres jungen Glü - ckes Grün um - laubt.
 Grün, von ih - res Glü - ckes Grün um - laubt, von ih-res jungen Glückes Grün um - laubt.

pp *f*

Vith Haupt und der Chor nicht zu hängen

(dolce e grazioso)

Fl. I. *mf*

Clar. *mf*

Fag. *mf*

Hör. I. II. *mf*

Allegro moderato.

Käthchen. *p*

Lenore. *p*

Graf. *p*

Theobald. *p*

Chor

Sopr. Wo sich zwei Lieb ge - fun - den, da

Alt Wo sich zwei Lieb ge - fun - den, da

Ten Wo sich zwei Lieb ge - fun - den, da

Bass Wo sich zwei Lieb ge - fun - den, da

Chor

wach - sen zwei Ro - sen zur Stund', — da springt ei - ne viel - kla - re Quel - le draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge -

wach - sen zwei Ro - sen zur Stund', — da springt ei - ne viel - kla - re Quel - le draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge -

wach - sen zwei Ro - sen zur Stund', — da springt ei - ne viel - kla - re Quel - le draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge -

wach - sen zwei Ro - sen zur Stund', — da springt ei - ne viel - kla - re Quel - le draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge -

fin-vi =

The first system of the score features a piano accompaniment. It includes staves for strings (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses) and a piano part. The piano part begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic and includes various rhythmic patterns and articulations. A large blue 'X' is drawn across the entire page, crossing through the piano accompaniment and the vocal parts.

Kathleen
 Leonore
 Graf
 Theobald

The first system of vocal parts includes staves for Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. Each part begins with a vocal line and a corresponding lyric line. The lyrics are: "Wo sich zwei Lieb ge - fun - den, da wach sen zwei Ro. sen zur Stund',". The vocal parts are marked with dynamics such as *f* and *mf*.

The second system of vocal parts continues the vocal lines from the first system. The lyrics are: "da springt ei - ne viel - kla - re". The vocal parts are marked with dynamics such as *mf*, *p*, and *mf*. The piano accompaniment continues below the vocal parts.

I. Solo.
3
p

B

stip

p

p

p

p

p

p

Es cresc.

draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge - sund. — Es wölbt sich ob ih - ren Häup - ten ein re - genbo - gener

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p

Quel - le, draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge - sund.

p

Quel - le, draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge - sund.

p

Quel - le, draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge - sund.

p

Quel - le, draus trinkt sich ein Kran - ker ge - sund.

p

B

Handwritten 'de' at the top left and 'ri' at the top right.

Handwritten 'de' at the top left and 'ri' at the top right.

Schein. _____

Schein. _____

Schein. _____

Schein. _____

Schein. _____

Drauf wan -
Drauf wan -
Drauf wan -
Drauf wan -
Drauf wan -

mf dolce

mf dolce

mf dolce

mf dolce

mf dolce

dolce

Drauf wan - deln ih - re See - len in's Pa - ra - dies hi - nein, drauf

Drauf wan - deln ih - re See - len in's Pa - ra - dies hi - nein, drauf

Drauf wan - deln ih - re See - len in's Pa - ra - dies hi - nein, drauf

Drauf wan - deln ih - re See - len in's Pa - ra - dies hi - nein, drauf

p poco

p poco

Più Allegro.

Musical score for the first system, featuring piano accompaniment with multiple staves. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f* and *sempre cresc.*. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature.

Più Allegro.

Musical score for the second system, including vocal lines with lyrics and piano accompaniment. The lyrics are:

in's Pa - ra - dies, hi - nein,
 in's Pa - ra - dies, in's Pa - ra -
 in's Pa - ra - dies, in's Pa - ra -
 in's Pa - ra - dies, in's Pa - ra -

The score includes dynamic markings such as *cresc.*, *f*, and *ff*. The piano accompaniment continues with *sempre cresc.* markings.

